# Reciprocating Compressor Instrumentation and Condition Monitoring



## **MULTI-EVENT WHEEL**



#### Recip Mulit-Event wheel kit (Part No. 146973-01) Custom Recip Multi-Event band (Part No. 105M5964-xx)

For more information visit bntechsupport.com or call +1 775 215 1818

Our machinery diagnostic engineers help you reach your safety and efficiency goals increasing uptime, while reducing operatio and maintenance costs.

## **PISTON ROD BREAK**



## **ROD LOAD MONITORING**

Combined (inertia and gas) rod loads calculated at the crosshead provide information about the lubrication condition of the crosshead pin. Insufficient reversal or excessive rod load can be identified and corrected before costly running gear damage occurs.

#### Maximum allowable continuous combined rod load (MACCRL)

A value determined by the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) based on design limits of the various components in the compressor frame and the running gear (bearings, crankshaft, connecting rod, crosshead assembly, piston rod, piston assembly).

#### Maximum allowable continuous gas load (MACGL)

A value determined by the OEM based on the design limits of the static components (frame, distance piece, cylinder, and bolting).

#### **Rod reversal**

The shortest distance, measured in degrees of crank revolution, between each change in sign of force in the combined rod-loading curve.



## **INSTRUMENTATION LAYOUT** Cylinder valve temperature iction/Discharge temperature Cylinder valve temperature 000 acking vent line temperature Crosshead vibratior Frame vibration Main bearina temperati Multi-event Keyphasor® systen

## LEAK

#### Leak to low pressure side (suction valves or pressure packing leak, if CE chamber) Pressure versus volume Leak to low pressure reservoir $\sim$ crank end shown, head end similar) Rounded heel -Supporting evidence Is flow balance greater than 1.05? Indicated pressure falls faster than theoretical on expansion Does the trend of a particular suction valve emperature indicate a rise compared to stroke (if theoretical curve uses the other suction valve covers? cylinder nameplate clearance) Does valve cover acceleration/ultrasonic sha nigh amplitude when suction valves are clo Indicated pressure rises If CE chamber: does the trend of the pressu slower than theoretical on packing temperature (or flow) increa compression stroke Theoretical pressure curve — Indicated pressure curve

### Leak to high pressure side (discharge valves)



### Inter-chamber leak (usually piston rings)



## CAPACITY CONTROL STEPLESS UNLOADER

Even during different load steps, the comparison between theoretical and measured pressures is available, due to a patented algorithm to determine suction valve closure with no input required from dynamic valve unloader controller.



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## **Bently Nevada** a Baker Hughes bus

## **CYLINDER PRESSURE INSTALLATION DETAILS**

#### Cylinder pressure transducer

- Design features
- Tested to over 2 billion cycles · Evacuated transducer for
- absolute pressure reference
- · Gold-plated diaphragm for
- corrosion resistance Separate electronics module for high temperature resistance



Isolation valve (should not induce channel resonance

Mechanical bracing to otect cylinder pressure ransducer

linder pressure transducer (± 0.5% accuracy for 1+ billion cycles)

The single most effective way of determining the overall health of a reciprocating gas compressor is by examining the cylinder chamber pressure profile. Online access to the internal pressure for each compressor chamber enables continuous monitoring of chamber pressures, compression ratios, peak rod loads, and rod reversal. This provides valuable information on the condition of suctionvalves, discharge valves, piston rings, packing glands, and crosshead pin.



Typical pressure versus displaced volume A typical indicated cylinder pressure curve will have some pressure fluctuation when the suction and discharge valves are opened. The areas labelled "A" and indicated by braces show these pressure fluctuations. When the valves are closed, the pressure shows a smooth line.



Channel resonance on pressure versus displaced volume curve

A pressure transducer installation suffering from channel resonance will show pressure fluctuations when the suction and discharge valves are closed as well as when he valves are opened. The frequency of this resonanceremains nominally constant throughout the cycle.

Discharge

-0.706 g @ 0°

Compression

Crosshead-mounted accelerometers can detect machinery problems due to

mpact-type events such as loose running gear components, liquid ingestion

into the cylinder, or excessive clearance in the wrist pin bushing.

#### **CYLINDER ACCELERATION OVERLAID WITH DYNAMIC PRESSURES**

For each 10° CA, the 0-pk value of the acceleration signal is calculated

- HE discharge valve closes 2. HE suction valve opens
- 3. HE suction valve closes 4. HE discharge valve opens

Waveform types

The process stages are for the HE chamber



Crosshead acceleration—six hardware bands



Crosshead acceleration-band waterfall with 36 software bands

